

COMSATS Institute of Information Technology Abbottabad

Department of Management Sciences

First Sessional: Spring 2018

Class: BBA 4

Subject: Cost Accounting Total Time Allowed: 80 Minutes

(a) Safety stock

(b) EOQ

Registration #

Date: 18-04-18

Instructor: Zaheer A. Swati

Max Marks: 50

SECTION-A

(Time allowed: 15 Minutes) (Marks: 15)

| A. | Encircle the most approp | riate choice. | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1. A characteristic of a variable cost is? | | | | | |
| | (a) The total cost varies in proportion to changes in the level of activity | | | | |
| (b) The cost per unit remains constant, regardless of the level of activity | | | | | |
| | (c) Both A and B | | (d) Neither A nor B | | |
| 2. | Which of the following is I | | | | |
| | (a) Indirect Material | | (b) Indirect Labor | | |
| | (c) Indirect Expense | | (d) Direct labor | | |
| 3. | 3. The formula for calculating the sales dollars required to meet target operating income is? | | | | |
| | (a) (Total fixed costs plus 7 | Γarget operating income) divid | led contribution margin per unit | | |
| | (b) (Total fixed costs plus | Γarget operating income) divid | led by contribution margin ratio | | |
| (c) (Total fixed costs plus Target operating income) divided total variable costs (d) (Contribution margin plus target operating income) divided by total fixed costs | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | (a) Rs. 25,000 | (b) Rs. 50,000 | (c) Rs. 70,000 | (d) Rs. 120,000 | |
| <i>5</i> . | If activity level decreases, | what happens to the unit fixed | cost? | | |
| | (a) It decreases | (b) It in | creases | (c) It remains the same | |
| | (d) It depends on how muc | h the activity level increases | | | |
| 6. | Which one of the following | g types of costs is most likely t | o be included in determining the | cost of inventory? | |
| | (a) Freight-in | the purchase of inventory | | | |
| | (c) Freight-out | (d) Marketing co | ests | | |
| 7. | 7. Assume a sales price per unit of Rs. 25, variable cost per unit Rs. 15, and total fixed costs of Rs. 18,000. What is the breakeven point? | | | | |
| | (a) 45,000 units | (b) Rs. 45,000 | (c) 37,500 units | (d) Rs. 37,500 | |
| 8. | The level to which invento | ry must fall in order to signal t | hat an order must be placed to rep | plenish an item? | |

(c) Ordering point

(d) Just in time

| 9. | Suppose you are charged a Rs. 40 per month base charge for your electrical service. You are also charged an additional Rs. | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 3.00 for every unit of electricity you use. The cost is an example of a? | | | | | | |
| | (a) Variable cost | (b) Fixed cost | (c) Mixed cost | (d) Step cost | | | |
| 10. | The quantity of an inventor | ry item to order so that total | inventory costs are minir | mized over the firms planning | | | |
| | period? | | | | | | |
| | (a) EOQ | (b) Optimal order quantity | (c) Inventory control | (d) All of above | | | |
| 11. | Following are the inventories of | of Manufacturing Concern except? | | | | | |
| | (a) Work in process | (b) Fuel and Power | (c) Finished goods | (d) Raw material | | | |
| 12 | 12. Which of the following is not an example of a fixed cost? | | | | | | |
| | (a) Rent on factory warehouse (b) Insu | | urance on factory equipment | | | | |
| | (c) Indirect material | (d) Ad | vertising costs | | | | |
| 13. The point at which it becomes essential to initiate purchase order for its fresh material is called? | | | | ed? | | | |
| | (a) EOQ | (b) Ordering Level | (c) Ordering Point | (d) b and c | | | |
| 14. | Fixed cost per unit increases w | hen? | | | | | |
| | a) Production volume decreases | | (b) Production volume increases | | | | |
| | (c) Variable cost per unit decre | eases | (d) None of the above | | | | |
| 15. | Factory overhead includes all manufacturing costs except direct material and direct labor. Which of the following items | | | | | | |
| | would not be considered to be | | | | | | |
| | (a) Repainting the corporate | office building | (b) Indirect labor | | | | |
| (c) Repair and maintenance expenditures on multiple factory machinery | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Small expenditures pertaining to items like rags, screws, etc., used in the production process | | | | | | |

SECTION-B

(Time allowed: 65 Minutes)

Q1. Mr. Zubari has following data of Income Statement to know No Cost No Benefit of firm's operations (Marks 15)

Income Statement

| Sales (100 units at Rs. 100 a unit) | Rs. 10,000 |
|---|-------------|
| Cost of goods sold: | |
| Direct Labor | |
| Direct Material Used | |
| Variable Factory Overheads | |
| Fixed Factory Overheads 700 | |
| Total Cost of goods Sold | Rs. (4,400) |
| Gross Profit | Rs. 5,600 |
| Marketing Expenses: | |
| Variables | |
| Fixed | |
| Administrative Expenses: | |
| Variable | |
| Fixed | |
| Total Marketing and Administrative Expenses | Rs. (4,000) |
| Operating Income | Rs. 1,600 |

Requirements:

- 1) The breakeven point in Rupees, using the figures given in the budget
- 2) The breakeven point in Units, using the figures given in the budget
- 3) If target profit is Rs. 3,000 what will be target sales in rupees

Q2. These data relate to Sana Maqsood Co.'s March 2018 operations: (Marks 10)

| Materials, Beginning Rs. | . 8,000 | Materials, Ending Rs. | 9,000 |
|------------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------|
| WIP, Beginning | 7,500 | WIP, Ending | 3,500 |
| Finished goods, Beginning 1 | 10,000 | Finished goods, Ending | 12,000 |
| Materials used | 46,000 | Direct Labor | 8,000 |
| Selling and general expenses | 6,700 | | |

Factory overhead is applied at the rate of 50% of direct labor cost.

Requirement:

Prepare Cost of Goods Sold Statement?

Q3. From the following Calculate: (Marks 10)

| (a) Re-order level | (b) Minimum stock level | (d) I | Danger Level |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Economic order quantity | 5,000 units | Consumption | 250 to 400 units |
| Re-order period | 6 to 12 days | Normal lead time | 10 days |
| Normal consumption | 300 units | Emergency Time | 6 days |